## Lesson Plan

Name of the Faculty: Sh. Bipul Kumar MahtoDiscipline: Medical Lab TechnologyYear: 1st SEMSubject: BASIC MICROBIOLOGY-ILesson Plan: 15 weeks

Work load (lecture/practical) per week (in hours)

: Lectures-03, practicals-04

Theory			Practical	
Lecture day	Date	Topic (including assignment test)	Practical Day (2 hours lab each day), (2 hours each day*2 days in week=4 weekly load)	Торіс
1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup>		Definition, history, relationship of microorganisms to man. Safety guideline in a microbiology	_	Demonstration of safety rules (Universal precautions) in a microbiology laboratory.
3 <sup>rd</sup>		Bio-safety cabinets: principle, types of bio- safety cabinets and their applications.		
		i. Classification of micro-organisms		Preparation of cleaning agents and techniques o cleaning glasswares.
5		ii. Morphology of Bacteria	7	
6 <sup>th</sup>		iii. Bacterial cell wall	1	
7 <sup>th</sup>		iv. Cell wall structures		Preparation of materials for sterilization in an
8 <sup>th</sup>		v. Physiology of bacteria	7	autoclave and hot air oven.
9 <sup>th</sup>		vi. Bacterial growth and nutrition	1	
		Sterilization- definition and types of		Sterilization in autoclave and hot air oven and
12 <sup>th</sup>		sterilization. i. Physical methods of sterilization: Equipments used for sterilization, operation of autoclave and hot air oven, sterilization control and sterilization indicators. Sterilization by radiation and filtration (membrane).		placing of the sterilization indicators.
13 <sup>th</sup> 14 <sup>th</sup> 15 <sup>th</sup>		Chemical methods of Sterilization: Antiseptics and disinfectants- Definition, types, properties and uses of common disinfectants and disinfectants (e.g. Formaldehyde, Ethylene oxide, phenol compounds, Alcohol, hypochlorite). Definition of Phenol coefficient and		Sterilization by filtration by membrane method.
	day   1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup> 4 <sup>th</sup> 5 <sup>th</sup> 6 <sup>th</sup> 7 <sup>th</sup> 8 <sup>th</sup> 9 <sup>th</sup> 10 <sup>th</sup> 11 <sup>th</sup> 12 <sup>th</sup> 13 <sup>th</sup> 14 <sup>th</sup>	day   1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup> 4 <sup>th</sup> 5 <sup>th</sup> 6 <sup>th</sup> 7 <sup>th</sup> 8 <sup>th</sup> 9 <sup>th</sup> 10 <sup>th</sup> 11 <sup>th</sup> 12 <sup>th</sup> 13 <sup>th</sup> 14 <sup>th</sup>	Lecture dayDateTopic (including assignment test)1stDefinition, history, relationship of microorganisms to man.2ndSafety guideline in a microbiology laboratory. Universal precautions3rdBio-safety cabinets: principle, types of bio- safety cabinets and their applications.4thi. Classification of micro-organisms5thii. Morphology of Bacteria6thiii. Bacterial cell wall7thiv. Cell wall structures8thv. Physiology of bacteria9thvi. Bacterial growth and nutrition10thSterilization.12thi. Physical methods of sterilization: Equipments used for sterilization, operation of autoclave and hot air oven, sterilization control and sterilization indicators. Sterilization by radiation and filtration (membrane).13thChemical methods of Sterilization: Antiseptics and disinfectants. Definition, types, properties and uses of common disinfectants and disinfectants. Definition, types, properties and uses of common disinfectants and disinfectants (e.g. Formaldehyde, Ethylene oxide, phenol compounds, Alcohol, hypochlorite).	Lecture day   Date   Topic (including assignment test)   Practical bay (2 hours lab each day), (2 hours lab each day*2 days in week-4     1st   Definition, history, relationship of microorganisms to man.   each day*2 days in week-4 weekly load)     2 <sup>nd</sup> Safety guideline in a microbiology laboratory. Universal precautions   ion     3 <sup>nd</sup> Bio-safety cabinets: principle, types of bio- safety cabinets and their applications.     4 <sup>th</sup> i. Classification of micro-organisms     5 <sup>th</sup> ii. Morphology of Bacteria     6 <sup>th</sup> iii. Bacterial cell wall     7 <sup>th</sup> iv. Cell wall structures     8 <sup>th</sup> v. Physiology of bacteria     9 <sup>th</sup> vi. Bacterial growth and nutrition     10 <sup>th</sup> Sterilization.     12 <sup>th</sup> i. Physical methods of sterilization; of autoclave and hot air oven, sterilization control and sterilization indicators. Sterilization by radiation and filtration (membrane).     13 <sup>th</sup> Chemical methods of Sterilization; types, properties and uses of common disinfectants. Definition, types, properties and uses of common disinfectants and disinfectants (e.g. Formaldehyde, Ethylene oxide, phenol compounds, Alcohol, hypochlorite). Definition of Phenol coefficient and

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6 <sup>th</sup>	16 <sup>th</sup>	Microscopy and staining techniques	
	17 <sup>th</sup>	i. Handling of a compound microscope. Care	Handling and care of different types of
	18 <sup>th</sup>	and maintenance of different parts of a	microscopes.
		compound microscope. Principle of working of fluorescent microscope.	
7 <sup>th</sup>	19 <sup>th</sup>	ii. Staining techniques: Method of smear	
,	17	preparation. Differential staining methods:	Staining techniques: Gram, Albert's staining, ZiehlNeelsonstaining, Capsule and bacterial
	20 <sup>th</sup>	Gram staining, AFB staining, Albert's	
	21 <sup>st</sup>	staining, staining of capsule. Preparation of	spore staining.
		staining solutions and their storage.	
8 <sup>th</sup>	22 <sup>nd</sup>	Culture Media and culture techniques	
	23 <sup>rd</sup>	i. Definition, synthetic and non-synthetic	
	24 <sup>th</sup>	media. Types of culture media: liquid, and	Demonstration of bacterial motility by hanging drop technique.
		solid media, routine laboratory media (Basal.	
		Enriched, selective, enrichment, indicator,	
		transport, and storage) with two examples of	
9 <sup>th</sup>	25 <sup>th</sup>	each type.	
9	25 26 <sup>th</sup>	ii. Different types of inoculating loops, different types of swabs and their uses. Types	Preparation of culture media: Nutrient agar, blood agar, chocolate agar, MacConkey agar,
		of bacterial culture: broth culture, stab	
	27 <sup>th</sup>	culture, slant culture. Culture techniques:	
		streak plate, pour plate, spreading/ lawn	DCA, XLD and Peptone water. Inoculation of bacteria on these culture media by aerobic /
		culture, .Aerobic and anaerobic culture,	anaerobic culture method.
		Isolation of pure cultures and disposal of	anderoore culture method.
		cultures.	
10th	28 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	Isolation of organisms in pure culture, study of colony characteristics and demonstration of haemolysis on blood agar.
	29 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	
	30 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	
	21.5		
11th	31 <sup>st</sup>	REVISION	REVISION
	32 <sup>nd</sup>	REVISION	
	33 <sup>rd</sup>	REVISION	
12th	34 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	REVISION
	35 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	
	36 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	
13th	37 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	REVISION
	38 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	
	39 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	
14th	40 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	REVISION
	40 <sup>40</sup>		
	41 <sup>n</sup> 42 <sup>nd</sup>	REVISION REVISION	
15th	42 43 <sup>rd</sup>		REVISION
	43 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	KEVISION
		REVISION	
	45 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION	